

On the occasion of World Breastfeeding Week, Department of OBG and Child Health Nursing of Kalinga Institute of Nursing Sciences organized a webinar on the theme “Support Breastfeeding for a Healthier Planet” in the virtual platform of Google Meet on 3rd August 2020...



The poster features a yellow and orange background with a gear-like logo at the top left. It includes text boxes for the institute's name, event details, organizers, and speaker profiles with their photos. A circular logo at the bottom left promotes the theme of the event.

KALINGA INSTITUTE OF NURSING SCIENCES
KIIT Deemed to be University U/s 3 UGC act, 1956
Institute Of Eminences, Bhubaneswar, Odisha

Celebration Of Breast Feeding Week- 2020(1st August to 7th August)

Theme :- “Support Breastfeeding For A Healthier Planet”

WEBINAR
Date-03.08.2020
Time-10AM -1PM

ORGANISED BY
Department Of OBG and
Child Health Nursing

Prof (Mrs.)Amarita L
Principal ,KINS

Prof. Dr. (Mrs.)Abhilekha Biswal,
Principal
PG CON, Bhilai Chhattisgarh

Dr.(M
Asst
Memor

Mrs. Geetarani Nayak
Asst. Professor, AIIMS, CON
Bhubaneswar

Mrs. Kalyani Rath
Assoc. Prof. HOD of OBG, KINS

SUPPORT BREASTFEEDING
FOR A HEALTHIER PLANET

← → ↻ 🔒 <https://meet.google.com/uxy-hkki-vdp> 🔊 ☆

Participants:

- nihari nayak
- Abhilekha Sbiswal
- Niyati Das
- Sanchari Roy
- RUKSANA khatun
- Kiran Lenka
- subinita das has left the meeting
- NARGIS PARVIN
- Premalata Parida
- S Bhatishwarupa

Taskbar: Type here to search, Windows Start button, and various application icons (Edge, File Explorer, Mail, etc.).



S Bhatishwarupa is presenting

The Breastfed Baby

Breastmilk has more of the good things babies need

Breastmilk	Formula
Antibodies	Protein
Hormones	Fat
Anti-Viruses	Carbohydrates
Anti-Allergies	Vitamins
Anti-Parasites	Minerals
Growth Factors	
Enzymes	

Immune system. Breastfed babies are less likely to get sick. Breastmilk helps to mature immune system. Decreased risk of childhood cancer.

Skin. Less allergic reactions in breastfed children.

Joint and muscles. Increased elbow extension arthritis is less common in children who were breastfed.

Bowels. Less constipation.

Digestive system. Less diarrhea, fewer gastrointestinal infections in babies who are breastfed. Six months or more of exclusive breastfeeding reduces

Eyes. Visual acuity is higher in babies fed breast milk.

Ears. Breastfed babies get fewer ear infections.

Throat. Children who are breastfed are less likely to require tonsillectomies.

Appetite. Children with acute otitis media are less likely to have been breastfed.

Kidneys. With less salt and less protein, breast milk is easier on a baby's kidneys.

Respiratory system. Breastfed babies have fewer and less severe upper respiratory infections, and wheezing, less pneumonia and less influenza.

Brain and circulatory system. Breastfed children have lower cholesterol at 18 months.

Higher IQ. Children and other types of fat in breast milk support the growth of some brain cells.

Endocrine system. Reduced risk of getting diabetes.

Mouth. Less need for orthodontics in children breastfed more than a year. Improved muscle development of back teeth resulting in the breast. Double changes in the teeth of breast milk prepares babies to accept a variety of solid foods.

Video call interface showing participants: nihari nayak, Abhilekha Sbiswal, janustya bhatia, VIBHA EKKA, Niyati Das, Kalyani Rath.

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Niyati Das

anusuya behera

anuradha thangarej

nihari nayak

nibedita mohanty

S Bhatishwarupa

Kalyani Rath

Mrs. Geetarani Nayak

Abhilekha Sbiswal

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